

## A REWARD FOR SCALPS.

The Mexican Government has a very

scarcely way of dealing with the hostile

Indians, and to use a homely simile,

"night the devil with fire." On the 18th

of January about forty Apaches, said to

be the best Indian fighters in Mexico, were

said to come from, and these men were

to start on the 25th ultimo on an exten-

sive campaign against the savages.

They will get \$500 for each scalp taken;

are furnished arms, ammunition and

provisions by the Government, and will

be given all the captured stock which

may be obtained. The stimulating

effect of the reward offered for indis-

cutable evidence of the dissolution of a

hostile Indian through the instrumentality

of these troops will soon rid Mexican

territory of the last vestige of this mur-

derous element, and in this agita-

tion they will have the co-operation of

the sugar-growers of Louisiana. The

representatives of the various inter-

ests are already in Washington to ask for

immediate action. They are all the more

anxious that something should be done

at once, because of the arrival in New

York of Mr. Charles Sprague, President

of the large San Francisco sugar refine-

ment, for the purpose of starting a similar

establishment in that city. Mr. Sprague

is said to own nearly all the sugar

plantations in Hawaii, about 20,000

acres, and that his relations to the sugar

trade on the Pacific Coast, as well as

the east, are simply those of a colossal

monopoly. These allegations are creat-

ing a lively excitement in the sugar

trade in the east, and so that trade is

going to be one of the wealthiest in the

country, the controversy will probably

assume at once a conspicuous place, not

only in the Committee rooms of the

Capitol, but also in the Houses of Con-

gress.

Mr. H. G. Oury, is showing himself

to be an active Delegate in Congress

and he is looking carefully after the

interests of the Territory. On the 11th

of January he introduced a bill, to provide

an appropriation for a new building, to

be known as the "Territory Building,"

and which is now under the consideration

of the Committee on Appropriations.

On the 15th Mr. Oury introduced a

bill to provide for the construction of a

wagon road across the Mogollon moun-

tains, from the mouth of the Colorado

river to the mouth of the San Juan

river, and which is now under the

consideration of the Committee on

Appropriations.

Also on the same day, a bill making

an appropriation for the completion of

the Territorial prison at Yuma, in the

Territory of Arizona, and other pur-

poses, which was read a first and second

## THE SUGAR INTERESTS.

A dispatch from New York states that

the movement which has begun to be

developed there in favor of a repeal of

the reciprocity treaty with Hawaii, dis-

closed a serious complication of interests

of a certain class of merchants and busi-

ness men who were warmly in favor of

the treaty when it was enacted some

years ago, and who are now in a com-

pletely different position. The treaty

agitating against it, on the ground that

it had not realized the advantages anti-

cipated, and from which the Hawaiian

isater and leave no only the shell, etc.

This class includes nearly all the Eastern

sugar refiners, and of the leading

commercial organizations. As long as

"free sugar" was kept on the Pacific

Coast, they did not care anything about

the treaty one way or the other, but now

that the California refiners are bring-

ing their products into that market, and

are making arrangements to start refine-

ries for Hawaii, the products there in com-

petition with other sugars that have to

pay a duty of 24 1/2 cents per pound, the

matter appeals at once to the sense of

self-interest, and it is determined, there-

fore, to urge Congress to put an end to

the arrangement which places them at a

manifest disadvantage, and in this agita-

tion they will have the co-operation of

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## ALBUQUERQUE.

What the town is like. The old town giving

way to the superior enterprises of the new.

Special Correspondence of the Citizen.

Albuquerque is a double town, and the

old, said to be over 100 years old, and

is situated about two miles from the new

city, a fine old church 92 years old, boys

and girls school, conducted by the Sisters

of Charity and the Brothers, only opened

three months ago and well patronized.

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## THE INDIAN QUESTION.

Governor Trille received the following

dispatches from General Willcox

yesterday, regarding the alleged Indi-

an trouble in the Dragon.

Whipple Barracks, Prescott, Feb. 20, 1882.

Governor Trille, Tucson:

Following dispatches are furnished for

your information and to relieve any anx-

ety there may be felt by the public in

southeastern Arizona.

Willcox, Major General, Feb. 16, A. G.

Whipple Barracks, A. T.—Your dis-

patch of this date received. Lieutenant

Blake with a company of cavalry

and ten Indian Scouts, Lieutenant Sei-

ber in charge, has just returned to this

post after an absence of eight days, dur-

ing which time he has thoroughly scout-

ed the Dragon mountains and all points

in the vicinity where Indians are re-

ported to have been seen or depredated

in any way, and failed to find signs of

Indians. From this information I do